Temperature and rainfall data for the cotton districts. May. 1886.

Districts.	Rainfall.			Temperature.							
	May	Average for May, 1886.	Departures.	Maximum,			Minimum.			Extremes	
	Average for May of four preceding years.			r May r p.e- yeate.	Mean for May. 1886.	Departures.	r May	May, S.	Departures.	for May, 1886.	
				Mean for of four ceding y			Mean for ef four ceding y	Mean for 1886.		Max.	Min.
New Orleans Savannah Charleston Atlanta Wilmington Galveston Vicksburg Monitgomery Augusta Little Rock Mobile	3.12 3.46 3.02 3.71 4.69 6.53 5.79 3.23	Inch. 1.11 2.89 1.98 5.95 4.94 3.49 0.26 1.87 3.36 5.42 0.80 2.47	Inch 4.35 - 0.23 - 1.48 + 2.93 + 1.23 - 1.20 - 6.27 - 3.92 + 0.13 + 2.25 - 5.05 - 1.49	83.7 85.5 83.2 81.0 79.2 83.8 83.8 83.5 83.5 83.5 83.3	86.6 85.8 84.9 81.8 83.1 82.4 87.9 84.7 84.7 85.5	2.9 + 1.3 + 1.7 + 0.8 + 3.9 + 4.1 + 2.7 + 0.9 + 5.7 + 5.8	62.6 62.0 59.5 56.4 56.1 56.4 62.2 60.3 58.7 58.8 55.8	65.2 62.8 58.9 58.3 59.0 57.7 62.0 59.3 60.0 58.8	0 2.68 + 0.6 1.9 + 1.35 + 1.76 + 1.37 + 1.77 + 1.77	0 104 99 98 98 98 97 101 97 97	47 44 40 41 40 30 48 41 39 42 41

TEMPERATURE OF WATER.

The following table shows the highest and lowest temperatures of water observed at the several stations; the monthly ranges of water temperature; the average depth at which the observations were made; and the mean temperature of the

Temperature of water for May, 1886.

Station.		rature ttom.	Range.	Average depth, feet and tenths.	Mean tempera- ture of the air at station.	
!	Max.	Min.				
	0	0	0		0	
Atlantic City, New Jersey	59.1	48.8	9.3	10.2	57.0	
Alpena, Michigan	60.7	48.8	11.9	12.7	49.6	
Augusta, Georgia	78.2	65.0	13.2		72.2	
Baltimore, Maryland	66.3	52.6	13.7	0.11	61.9	
Block Island, Rhode Island	55.2	46.2	9.0	8.5	53 . 5	
Boston, Massachusetts	57.7	52.0	5.7	19.6	56.2	
Buffalo, New York	57 - 4	46.6	10.8	10.1	53.1	
Canby, Fort, Washington Territory	59.0	50.4	8.6	16,1	52.1	
Cedar Keys, Florida	79.9	73.7	6,2	8.2	74.0	
Charleston, South Carolina	77.5	67.6	9.9		72.8	
Chicago, Illinois	64.4	46.0	18.4	8.5	57.0	
Chincoteague, Virginia	71.5	53.9	17.6	3.6	59.0	
Cleveland, Ohio *	63.4	48.3 46.8	15.1	14.0	57 - 4	
Detroit, Michigan	58.1		11.3	26.9	58.4	
Duluth, Minnesota †	39.9	36.1	3.8	10.9	52.2	
Eastport, Maine	43.0	38.4	4.6	16,2	47.0	
Escanaba, Michigan	56.9	42.0	14.9	18.4	50.0	
Galveston, Texas	84.6	70.0	14.6	12.9	74.6	
Grand Haven, Michigan	68.6	58.5	10.1	19.0	52.3	
Indianola, Texas I		'		·····		
Jacksonville, Florida		74.5	8.2	18.0	75.8	
Key West, Florida	86.5	76.5	10.0	17.6	j 78.9	
Mackinaw City, Michigan	50.1	39.0	11.1	10.0	49.9	
Macon, Fort, North Carolina g	70.0	59.0	11.0	11.1	68.1	
Marquette, Michigan	54·1	37.5	16.6	11.6	49.4	
Milwaukee, Wisconsin	58.0	40.5	11.5			
Mobile, Alabama	79.0		11.3	17.6		
New Haven, Connecticut	61.0	51.0	10.0	16.8		
New London, Connecticut	66.6	45.6	21.0	13.0	56.8	
New York City	60.0	53.0	7.0	17.0	58.5	
Norfolk, Virginia	71.2	56.0	15.2	16.4	65.0	
Portland, Maine	76.9	69.1	7.8 9.4	17.5 16.2	73.8	
Portland, Oregon	52.7	43.3	12.2		53.	
Sandusky, Ohio	64.6	52.4	11.2	52.9		
Sandy Hook, New Jersey	64.3	57 4 50.0	14.3	11.8	59.5	
Ban Francisco, California	62.3	56.5	5.8	37.3	57.9 57.8	
Savannah, Georgia	77.2	68.0	9.2	10.0	75.0	
Smithville, North Carolina	78.1	63.1	15.0	11.0	70.2	
Toledo, Ohio	72.2	60.1	12.1	13.3	52.7	
Wilmington, North Carolina	74.5	64.9	9.6	10.0	70.2	

[•] Record for 30 days; lake too rough to take observation on the 7th. † Frozen first four days of month. Observations interrupted by ice in bay 7th to 10th, 12th, 13th, 15th, 20th, 21st. † Observations temporarily suspended. § Record for the first 20 days.

WINDS.

are shown on chart ii by the arrows flying with the wind; they the new Coketown bridge, an iron structure five hundred and are also given in the tables of miscellaneous meteorological twenty feet long, which was damaged to the extent of \$5,000 data. In the lower lake region, the south Atlantic and east The tornado left the river at this point and continued across Gulf states, the prevailing direction of the wind is from the the country, blowing down telegraph poles, trees, smoke-stacks, southwest, in the west Gulf states and Texas it is from the and barns. Near Conemaugh a number of freight cars were south and southeast. In the Extreme Northwest and the Upper standing on a siding; the tornado lifted them bodily from the Mississippi Valley the winds are generally from the north and track and dashed them to the ground. northwest; in other districts they are variable.

HIGH WINDS.

[In miles per hour.]

Wind-velocities of fifty or more miles per hour were reported

during the month as follows:

Mount Washington, New Hampshire, 59, nw., 4th; 80, w., 5th; 54, w., 9th; 60, w., 10th; 58, se. and e., 11th; 50, w., 12th; 82, s., 15th; 88, s., 16th; 62, nw., 17th; 54, nw., 19th; 78, nw., 20th; 62, nw., 21st; 70, w., 22d; 54, w., 23d; 70, w., 25th; 80, nw., 26th; 58, nw., 27th; 50, nw., 28th; 60, nw., 29th; 58, nw., 30th.

Pike's Peak, Colorado, 60, w., 1st; 60, sw., 3d; 74, w., 5th; 68, w., 8th; 66, w., 9th; 56, w., 10th; 72, sw., 13th; 52, w.,

31st.

Valentine, Nebraska, 54, e., 9th. Kitty Hawk, North Carolina, 56, n., 1st. Cape Henry, Virginia, 60, nw., 1st; 54, n., 2d. Chincoteague, Virginia, 50, ne., 1st.

LOCAL STORMS AND TORNADOES.

La Plata, Macon county, Missouri: a heavy wind storm prevailed here on the night of the 4-5th. Orchards, fences, and small houses were leveled to the ground, and cattle killed. Owing to the violence of the storm many persons sought refuge in cellars.

Woodstock, McHenry county, Illinois: the portion of country lying between the towns of Ringwood and McHenry, in this county, was visited on the 6th by a tornado, which was very disastrous to farmers in the small area over which it passed. At noon the atmosphere was clear and warm, temperature rising until about 2 p. m., when the sky to the north became overcast with heavy black clouds; the sultry air suddenly began to get very cool, the mercury falling several degrees in a few minutes. The northern clouds grew blacker and moved southward, and the lull which had followed the first cool breeze was suddenly broken by the roar of the tornado. Trees bent before the blast like grain, and the smaller ones were snapped in pieces or twisted from the earth by the roots. The air was filled with flying limbs, pieces of boards, and other objects. Two men were killed, and several persons injured.

Oskaloosa, Mahaska county, Iowa: on the 9th, a violent wind storm did considerable damage to property; houses were unroofed, trees and fences blown down, and the amphitheatre in

the fair grounds was wrecked.

Pittsburg, Pennsylvania: reports from points along the Conemaugh Valley, in Indiana county, indicate the occurrence of a tornado in that section on the evening of the 10th. Several persons were seriously injured. Descriptions of this tornado say that telegraph poles along the railroad were blown down, cows were killed and trees were blown fully two hundred feet in the air, while many fences and small buildings were de-

McConnellsburg, Indiana county, Pennsylvania: the Methodist Episcopal church was struck by lightning during the evening of the 10th and considerably damaged. Two men engaged in burning lime were prostrated by a bolt of light-

ning and two horses killed.

Blairsville, Indiana county, Pennsylvania: a heavy hail storm passed over this place about 6 p.m. of the 10th, and was followed by a tornado which swept from Salina along the valley of the Conemaugh River to Coketown, cutting down trees and destroying numerous outhouses and barns. It caused the water in the river to rise to the height of seventy-five feet, in the WINDS. form of an inverted water-spout, which revolved about a mov-The most frequent directions of the wind during May, 1886, ing centre, travelling across and up the stream until it reached

Kansas City, Missouri: a very disastrous tornado occurred at